

F.Y.B.A.- (University of Mumbai)

Semester I-

Paper Name- History of Modern India (1857-1947)

1.....Governor General of India annexed many Indian States to the company using the Doctrine of Lapse.

A. **Lord Dalhousie** B. Lord Wellesley C. Lord Curzon D. Lord Canning

2.....in consultation with the Indian leaders laid the foundation of Indian National Congress.

A. Raja Rammohan Roy B. Surendranath Banerji C. **A.O.Hume** D. Womesh Chandra Bonnerjee

3. The leaders who led the Congress and the National Movement from 1885 to 1905 were called..

A. Revolutionaries B. Gandhians C. Extremist D. **Moderates**

4.....was known as the 'Father of Radical Nationalism'.

A. Rashbihari Ghosh B. **Lokmanya Tilak** C. Arvind Ghosh D. Dadabhai Nauroji

5. The Surat Session of the Congress was held inunder the Presidentship of Rasbihari Ghosh.

A. 1909 B. 1905 C. 1906 D. **1907**

6.....in 1905 marked the beginning of militant nationalism in India.

A. Khilafat Movement B. Non Co-operation Movement C. **Partition of Bengal** D. Lucknow Pact

7. The Nehru Committees report was prepared under the chairmanship of.....

A. Subhash Chandra Bose B. Jawaharlal Nehru C. **Motilal Nehru** D. Mahatma Gandhi

8. When thewere passed Gandhiji decided to immediately launch a Satyagraha campaign.

A. Ilbert Bill B. **Rowlatt Bill** C. Money Bill D. Finance Bill

9..... introduced a novel system of Government known as provincial dyarchy.

A. Government of India Act 1947 B. Government of India Act 1919
C. **Government of India Act 1909** D. Government of India Act 1935

10. On 20 February 1947 the new Minister of Britainannounced that the British Government would grant complete independence to India .

A. Lord Mountbatten B. Winston Churchill C. James Ramsay MacDonald D. **Clement Atlee**

